Mixing Science, Activism, and Community: (YES, YOU CAN!)

Rachel Kuske, UBC

Srivastava Workshop, Faculty of Science, UBC

Broad Definitions:

- * Science: Applied, Theory, Industry, Education, Institutes
- * ACTIVISM: Working for a cause, for improvement, for yourself
- * COMMUNITY: Immediate interactions, people in your environment, people who you want to know

Supporting Themes

- * WHO AM 1? Enthusiasm breeds success Do I need help? Where can I contribute?
- *WHAT MAKES OTHERS TICK?
 Relating to others is usually a good
 thing
- * WHAT ARE THE POSSIBILITIES?
 Realism vs. dreams

Game: Visualize extremes

Approach A

Approach Z

- * Better fit? A or Z (or in between)
- *Interactions needed for A or Z?
- * Are A and Z possibilities, or something in between?
- *Science/Activism/Community intertwined

Learn about a new topic

Read and do problems myself

Get someone to teach you

- * Processing the information
- * People like to give advice, expertise
- * Others interested? Experts available?
- * Efficiency: how best to place efforts?

Finding out about careers

Do all the research myself

Ask everyone for advice

- * Processing the information
- * People like to give advice, do I have the right community
- * Efficiency: how best to place efforts?

Developing my community

Join an existing community

Build your own own community

- * Whom should I include? Do I have a choice?
- * Conferences, organizing sessions, invitations to your institution
- * Seeking advice, information, seminars

Networking

Classical networking unconventional networking

- * The "cocktail party"
- * Surrogate networking
- * Involvement with a group you admire: volunteerism/activism

Types of community

Professional community

Personal community

- * Separate communities? Intertwined?
- * Professional: Inside and outside of Science
- * Influence of the community
- * Balance of the communities: location,

Applying for jobs

Apply everywhere Apply strategically

- * What are your job priorities?
- * Access to advice + support, filtering advice, filtering ads
- * Job market vs. your interests + experience

At the interview

1 do most of the talking Others do most of the talking

- * Where is your comfort zone? Should it be shifted and how?
- * Engaging the interviewers (scientists)
- * Preparing for all possibilities:

Listening

Retaining what others say

Make sure my message gets through

- * Benefits to the cause
- * Improving communication with the community
- * Influence on the next interaction

Interacting with Human Beings

Put others' views first Put my view first

- * Benefits to the cause
- * Improving communication with the community
- * Influence on the next interaction

Negotiations

Hope for the best

Ask for the moon

- * Your priorities
- * Community of different perspectives
- * Mutual benefit
- * What are the costs?

Job expectations

Infer from observations

Ask, ask, ask

- * Processing feedback, performance review
- * Which parts of the community know? Access to the "right" community
- * Matching expectations with interests, balance of activities
- * Are they clear for everyone?

Expectations

Infer from observations

Ask, ask, ask

- * Talk, interview, workshop, grant proposal
- * Core vs. supporting activities
- * Influences on your career

Getting things done

In series

in parallel

- * Priorities: what HAS to be done, what's your interest
- *The grass is always greener....
- * Maximizing help from the community
- * Investment for the future

"Extra" Activities

Yes

- * What's my load?
- * Interest vs. guilt
- * community building?
- * Designer activism: Replacing "yes" with "yes, if..." and "no" with "no, but ..."

Reaching Goals

clearly stated goals Taking opportunities as they come

* Focus or Flexibility?

- * Others with the same goals: cooperation or competition?
- * Options for the unexpected
- * Watch for a good ally

Bring your community and activism to science

*A diverse workforce signals that the organization draws from the best talent available, that well-rounded education and training is provided, and that our research programs are informed by diverse perspectives. Diversity is not only synergistic with excellence, but also promotes equitable access to career rewards.